# Whole Farm Revenue Protection (WFRP)

# HOW DOES IT WORK?

- WFRP is a federal crop insurance policy that insures farm revenue only
- > A claim is paid when you have a revenue loss
- All commodities on the farm are insured under one policy
- Insurable revenue is calculated using the insured's farm revenue listed on tax form Schedule F (based on a five year average)
- Acts as an umbrella to the Multi-peril Crop Insurance Policy (MPCI)
- Payable claims are based on the revenue listed on the filed tax return for the crop year insured

#### WHAT ARE THE BENEFITS?

- Provides higher level of "gap" coverage
- WFRP insures the organic price that is listed on the contract (works extremely well for farms transitioning to organics). In some cases, this can be a \$2 to \$5 difference in coverage per bushel
- Insures commodities that are not insurable under traditional crop insurance
- Provides coverage on crops that are double cropped where MPCI will not (for example, planting soybeans after green peas)

- Higher levels of coverage at an affordable rate (farms with more than 2 commodities receive 80% subsidized premium)
- Receive an additional premium reduction if you have a MPCI policy in place
- Provides revenue coverage Lenders require—especially if commodity is not insurable under MPCI
- If you receive a lower price for your grain due to quality, WFRP will cover the revenue loss whereas MPCI may not
- If contracts are in place, the contract price trumps the MPCI price

#### WHO DOES THIS WORK WELL FOR?

- Farms transitioning to organics
- Farms with more than two commodities
- Farms with commodities not insurable under traditional MPCI

### WHO DOESN'T THIS WORK WELL FOR?

- Farms that have less than 3 years of tax records
- > Entities who own the land but do not have a share in the crop

#### WHY AREN'T AGENTS TALKING ABOUT THIS PRODUCT?

- WFRP is a relatively new product which has not been widely adopted by all agents
- Because of additional paperwork the agent is required to complete, WFRP can be time consuming for the agent
- WFRP is a more complex product because it's underwritten and priced off tax returns, requiring technical proficiency relative to other traditional MPCI products
- Possible loss in agent commissions due to lower premiums





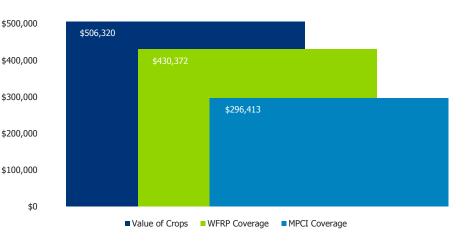
# COMPARISON EXAMPLE

Crop	No. of Acres Quoted	MPCI Price	Contract Price	Avg. Yield per Acre	MPCI Value of Crop	Value of All Commodities
Corn	400	\$3.96	\$3.96	180	\$285,120	\$285,120
Corn—Organic	50	\$3.96	\$10.00	106	\$20,988	\$53,000
Oats—Organic	50	\$4.80	\$10.00	44	\$10,560	\$22,000
Wheat	100	\$5.08	\$5.08	50	\$25,400	\$25,400
Wheat—Organic	100	\$10.16	\$11.00	28	\$28,448	\$30,800
Rye—Organic	225	N/A	\$10.00	40	\$ 0	\$90,000
				TOTAL	\$416,320	\$506,320

	Total value of all commodities: \$506,320				
	MPCI	WFRP			
Insurable Commodity Value	\$416,320	\$506,320			
Coverage Elected	-\$296,413	-\$430,372			
Total Not Insured	\$209,907*	\$75,948			
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<sup>\*</sup>Total value of all commodities less coverage elected

MPCI commodity value does not include uninsurable commodities or increased values from crop contracts



# **CLAIM EXAMPLE**

Average yield x coverage level = coverage amount

Coverage amount - revenue reported on taxes = revenue loss

 $$800,000 \times .85 = $680,000$ 

\$680,000 - \$600,000 = \$80,000



#### THE LOCKTON DIFFERENCE

PROVIDING CREATIVE WAYS TO CUSTOMIZE INSURANCE PRODUCTS THAT FIT YOUR FARMING OPERATION.

